

The International Conference on Mobile Computing, Applications, and Services, 2009



Ads go mobile: Assessing the opportunities and challenges of personalised ads in a mobile search service

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#### ... and more credits

#### • Core project team: Bente Evjemo

Bente Evjemo Sigmund Akselsen Hans Jevanord Jørgen Brecke Thomas Tourrenc

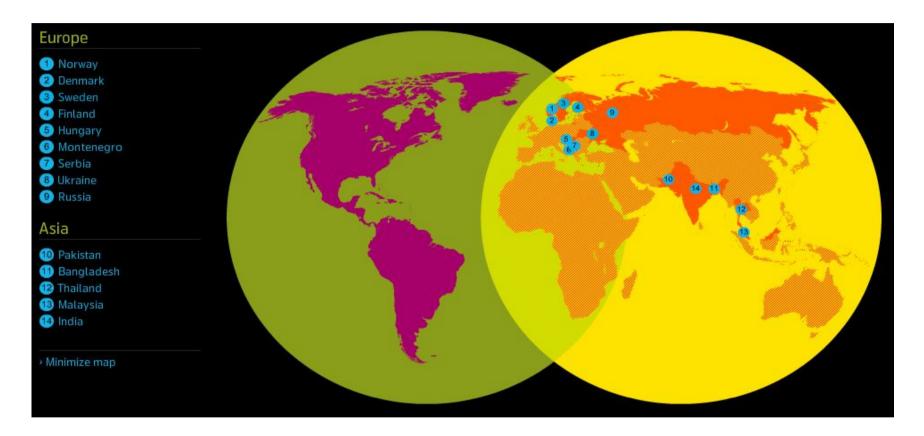
#### • Other participants: Inger Gløersen

Pål Sørgaard Lilly Ann Stenvold Sissel Eng

#### • Chief Privacy Officer: Kjetil Rognsvåg



### The Telenor Group



- 150 years in the business of Telecommunications
- Mobile operator, broadband, broadcast and satellite services
- ~ 170 million mobile subscribers worldwide (Q2 2009)
- ~ 40,000 employees



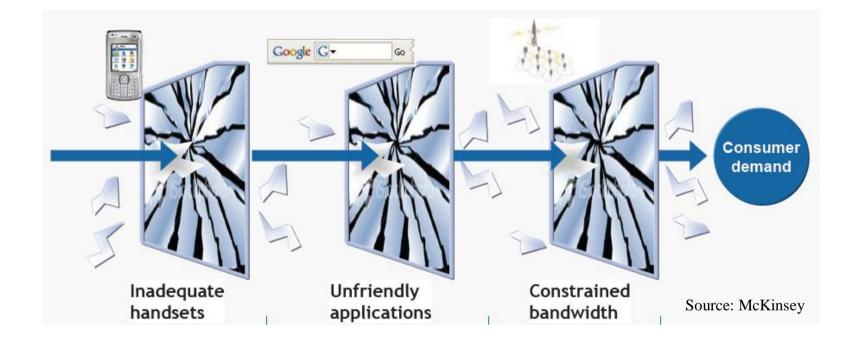
# Outline – Ads go mobile

- Introduction The rationale
  - Motivation of mobile search and ads
  - Actors and value chain
  - Mobile advertising: targeting and personalisation challenges
- The personalised advertising pilot
  - High-level view architecture
  - How personalisation was instrumented
  - Presentation of the search page results
- Results and findings
  - Cold numbers, user experience, and technological challenges
  - The way forward





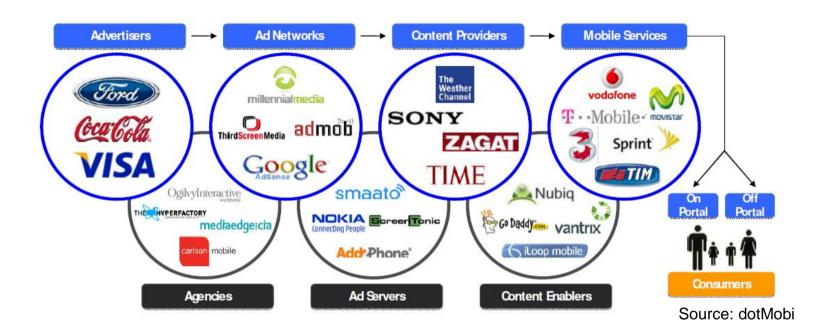
#### Potential of mobile search and advertising



Higher penetration than PC	Wider audience for advertisers
Always on	"Here and now" effect
Highly personal	More relevant results and ads



## The mobile advertising ecosystem

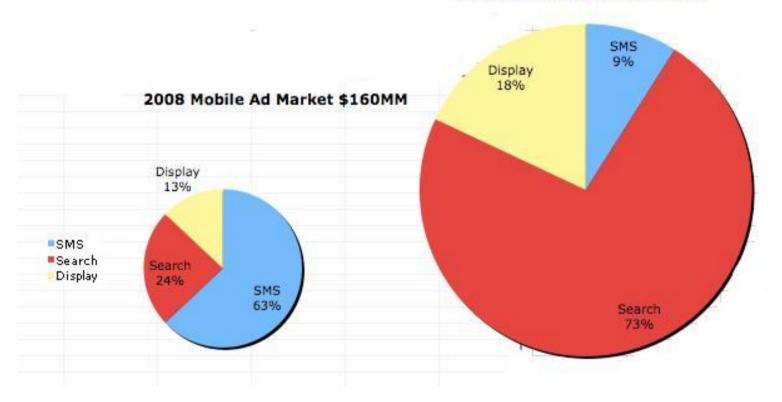


From an operator perspective:

- Monetisation potential by controlling advertising spaces tied to mobile Internet content
- Allowing each part to focus on their strength should give the highest value at the end of the day
- For a MNO today: How to exploit customer proximity to enable personalised services?
- If done correctly, personalisation may give extra value to consumers and possibly strengthen positive attitudes towards mobile ads



#### Potential of mobile search and advertising



2013 Mobile Ad Market \$3.1B

Source: Kelsey group



When personalisation works ...

 Services and product offerings tailored to customer needs and interests

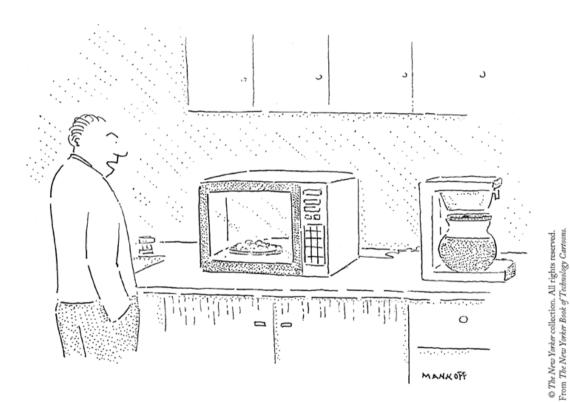


- Minimised user authentication/re-typing information
- A consistent user experience from any location or device
- Enhanced customer trust built through information sharing
- Customers are not 'locked-in' but instead have 'lock-on' (want to stay loyal to a company)

• Increase revenues



#### When it does not work ...



"No, I don't want to play chess. I just want you to reheat the lasagna."

• Customer needs inferred on incomplete information

• Customers lumped together awkwardly and experience being put in silly categories

Customers blocked from new areas

Effort to make profile is too high

• Customers do not think the information they provide will be used in their interest (privacy, permission marketing)



# The main goals of this study

- Explore how mobile operator assets can be utilised to personalise services in the mobile advertising ecosystem in a search service
  - A pilot with a real-life ecosystem was set in place
  - Definition of best practices for a commercial deployment
- 2. Investigate user attitudes towards personalised mobile ads in a search service
  - Gathering customer insight pre- and post-pilot execution
  - Validate hypothesis through direct customer feedback via focus groups
- Not focus on the fine-grained details of query formulation: better done by a search engine, time and resources limitations



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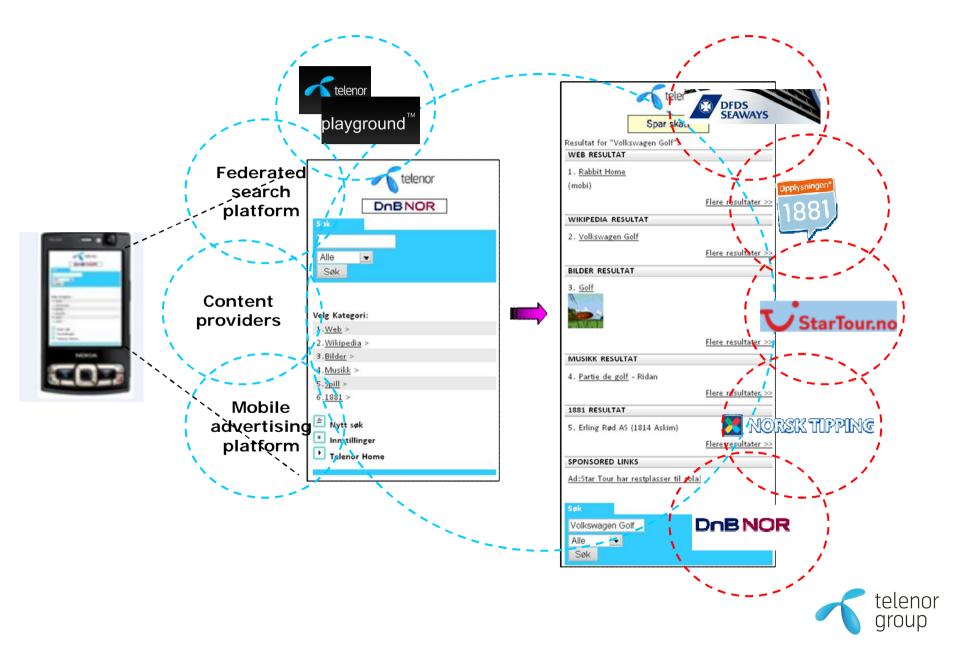
#### The personalised advertising pilot

- High-level view architecture
- How personalisation was instrumented
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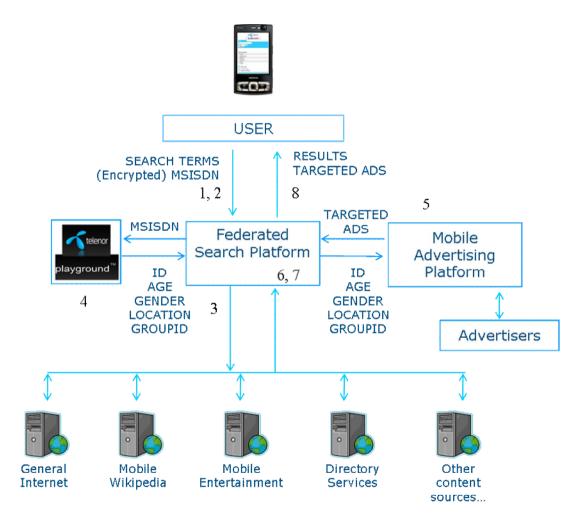




#### The search service – customer view



### General architecture and data flow





# Banner ads and personalisation

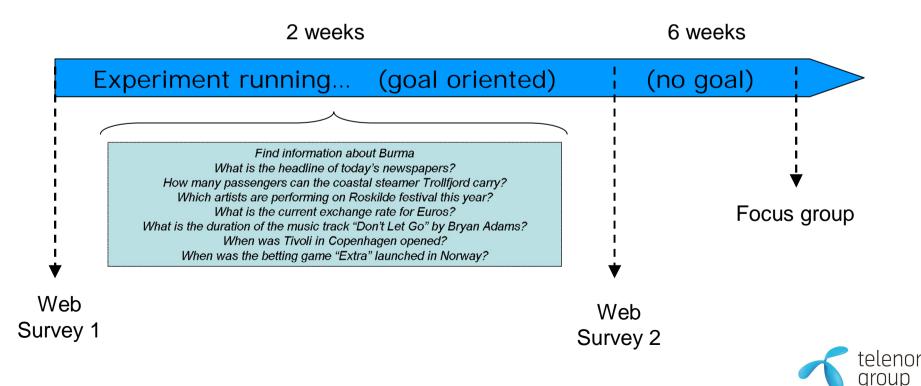


Campaign title:	DNB BSU
Age:	15-29
Gender (m/f):	all
Place of residence (postal code):	all
Search terms:	DnB, DnBNOR, MOBILBANK, BSU, LÅN



# The personalised advertising pilot

- The participants:
  - 175 participants: 52% men, 48% women
  - Active mobile users
  - Telenor segmentation model: 36% (15-29), 38% (30-54), 26% (55+)
- Pilot study:



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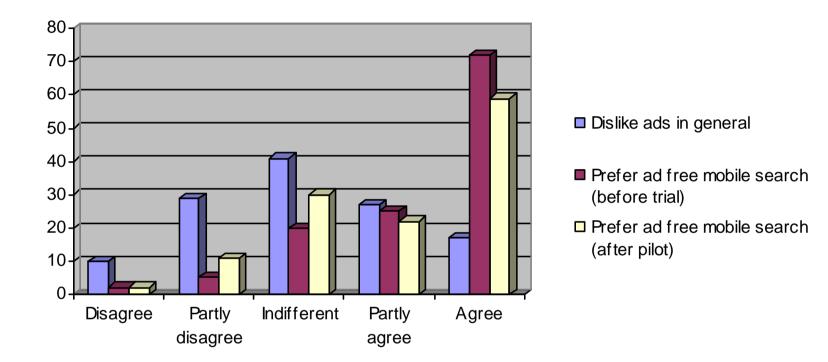
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# Attitude towards advertising



Key observations:

- Attitude towards ads in general
- Attitude towards mobile ads before the pilot was negative
- Change to a more positive attitude after the pilot
  - Ads were useful, good Ux with the ads, useful search service



# Advertising views and Click Through Rate (CTR)

	June 1 – June 15			June 16 – July 31		
	Views	Clicks	CTR	Views	Clicks	CTR
Personalised Ads	644	16	2.48%	158	11	6,96%
Random Ads	1145	32	2.79%	223	7	3.14%
Random Text Ads	112	0	0	7	0	0%
SUM	1901	48	2.52%	388	18	4.64%

- MMA published avg. CTR is 4% although our partners observations say 1%
- Goal oriented phase:
  - No real search intent and speculation on goal oriented behaviour (Hupfer&Grey05)
- Second phase without search goal:
  - Notice the difference between personalised and random ads
- Text ads
  - Editorial decision of placing this ads at the bottom plus unrelated to search intent



#### User experience

#### Mobile search:

#### <u>"reading the newspaper by looking through a key hole"</u>

- Category approach counteract problems with small displays
  - Federated search reduced query formulation effort
  - Improved the overview of presented hits
  - Judgement of relevance vs. small screen: especially important in elders
- Non-utilitarian factors are important!
  - Pleasure of use: half of the informants expressed an inclination to click on humoristic ads
  - Rewards and discounts has a positive impact on CTR
  - Local products and services are preferred



#### User experience

- Personalisation triggers privacy concerns and becomes a welcomed filter
  - General attitudes towards ads are amplified on the mobile phone... "you cannot choose not to pay attention"
  - "I would not like anyone to track my interests and behaviour"

however...

- Users are willing to disclose personal data if they understand the reasons, if there are clear benefits and privacy protection is in place
  - Opt-in, when, where, and how personalisation information is used
  - A filter to potential spam and unwanted information, a way to reduce negative effects of future increase of ad campaigns
- Kobsa07 reports a 1:1:2 ratio between fundamentalists, unconcerned, and pragmatics... to a great extent our study matches the pragmatic cluster



# Implementation challenges and solutions

- Automatic subscriber identification
  - Information stored in the SIM: MSISDN associated to subscriber data
  - Strategically anchors the operator in the value chain but at this stage MSISDNs need to be requested with each operator
  - <u>Solution</u>: The industry should embrace generic identity management solutions such as the GSMA OneAPI
- Content availability
  - Content is king... but building a search ecosystem relies on access to content via commercial agreements
  - Users expect content beyond the premium on-deck content:
    - a rich general Internet index vs. limited WAP index due to limited content
  - <u>Pragmatic solution</u>: use transcoded versions of a Web index and Wikipedia



# Implementation challenges and solutions

- Subscriber data
  - The data set used was simple and so was the data extraction
  - ... when information in the database does not correspond to real usage
  - ... cross-boundary relationships and shared responsibilities
  - <u>Solution</u>: commonly supported API that enables portability across operators... then again we have solutions like GSMA OneAPI
- Location information
  - Current position (GPS or operators positioning services), most used base station, or place of residence... or a combination
  - A combination can be useful for advertisers but mobile ad platforms are not fully ready for this degree of intelligence
  - GPS not used due to limited footprint in devices
  - **<u>Pragmatic solution</u>**: We ended up using place of residence...



### Implementation challenges and solutions

 Ranking inside each of the categories not implemented... solution based on best-of-breed content provider

• State of tools for targeted search and ads: Mobile marketing platforms are built around campaigns and ad zones

- Our approach was developed around the personalisation perspective
- Platforms had limitations and were not flexible enough to easily embrace targeted advertising
- With the current state of tools the development of new campaigns is costly
- The mobile advertising industry is evolving and the infrastructure for targeted ads based on search terms and contextual information is still immature



# Conclusions: the way forward

- If mobile advertising is a must, please personalise!
- The ecosystem face a challenge in developing the personalised mobile ads case
  - Strong interest among advertisers, ad platform, and search providers
  - Immaturity in both internal and external systems
  - Realistic measurements of advertising effects
  - Cristal clear mechanisms for management of user privacy
- Mobile operators can take a strong position to secure a strategic place but they need to act soon and do it together



# Thank you for your attention...

Questions?

